Disbursement of Net Revenue from IP Commercialisation Guideline

Version: 1.2 Effective 27 July 2018

<table>
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Guideline Statement

Purpose

For IP that has been successfully commercialised and generates revenue, the University has established these guidelines for calculating Net Revenue disbursement to The University and the Creators according to the UNSW Intellectual Property Policy (IP Policy).

Scope

This Guideline applies to all Staff (academic, professional, technical and administrative) and Affiliates of the University and Students (undergraduate and postgraduate).

This Guideline is incorporated by reference in the terms and conditions of the contract of employment of Staff, letters of appointment of Affiliates and in the conditions of enrolment of Students.

The Intellectual Property Policy, Disclosing and Exploiting Intellectual Property Procedure and the Guidelines for Copyright Ownership form part of this Guideline.

This Guideline and the IP Policy come into effect on the Effective Date. IP created prior to that date will be governed by the IP Policy in place at the time.

This Guideline and the Disclosing and Exploiting Intellectual Property (IP) Procedure will apply to all IP formally disclosed to the University through NewSouth Innovations Pty Ltd (NSi), the University’s IP holding company, from the Effective Date and, to the extent that there is no conflict with prior IP Policies or existing agreements, to all IP notified to NSi.

Are Local Documents on this subject permitted? ☒ Yes, however Local Documents must be consistent with this University-wide Document. ☐ No

Guideline

Contents

1. Introduction ....................................................................................................................................................... 2
2. Disbursing of Net Revenue from commercialisation ......................................................................................... 2
   2.1. Weighting the contribution of multiple Creators and multiple technologies ............................................... 2
3. Disbursing Net Revenue from IP assigned to Creators .................................................................................... 2
4. Determining Net Revenue .................................................................................................................................. 3
   4.1. NSi Commercialisation Deed .................................................................................................................... 3
   4.2. Commercialisation Costs ........................................................................................................................ 3
   4.2.1. The costs of registering, protecting and enforcing IP rights .................................................................. 3
   4.2.2. External IP Management & Review Services ........................................................................................ 3
   4.2.3. Research & Development - Creation of prototypes, models and samples ............................................ 3
   4.2.4. Insurance & legal Costs ........................................................................................................................ 3
   4.2.5. Market review and commercialisation consultant costs ........................................................................ 3
   4.2.6. Marketing and Travel ........................................................................................................................ 3
   4.2.7. Accrued costs ........................................................................................................................................ 4
   4.2.8. Platform technologies ........................................................................................................................ 4
   4.3. Investments in incorporated entities .......................................................................................................... 4
1. Introduction
The University, through NSi, takes the risk on costs it incurs in supporting and commercialising Intellectual Property (IP) developed by Staff and Students. For IP that has been successfully commercialised and generates revenue, the University has established these guidelines for calculating Net Revenue disbursement to The University and the Creators according to the UNSW Intellectual Property Policy.

2. Disbursing of Net Revenue from commercialisation
Net Revenue from IP commercialisation will be disbursed 1/3 to the Creators and 1/3 to The University and 1/3 to NSi.

2.1. Weighting the contribution of multiple Creators and multiple technologies
Where multiple Creators and or technologies are commercialised concurrently the Creators are invited to agree:

a) the relative contributions of each of the Creators to the development of each IP component set out in the Researcher IP Commercialisation Deed; and

b) if required, the relative weighting to be applied to the commercial value of each IP component in an IP portfolio involving multiple technologies, that are commercialised concurrently under the same agreement.

The Net Revenue entitlements of each Creator will be calculated according to the above weightings and Creator contributions.

If the Creators cannot agree on a) or b) above, the default position will be:

a) that all Creators contributions will be deemed equal and all technologies and IP will be considered of equal value; or

b) the University may at its sole discretion obtain external advice and determine the relative value of each IP component or technology commercialised under the same agreement.

If a patent is excluded from a licence that includes a portfolio of more than one patent, then the Commercialisation Costs attributable to that patent will only be deducted from the Commercialisation Revenue generated from that licence until such time that that particular patent is no longer included.

The University share of Net Revenue from commercialisation of IP should act as an incentive to the Faculty/School/Unit/Centre in which the IP was developed to encourage further research and technology transfer activity.

The principles on which The University share of Commercialisation Net Revenue will be applied are:

a) The University share will be paid by NSi to the Deputy Vice-Chancellor Research who will be responsible for allocating, tracking and monitoring income the University share of Commercialisation Net Revenue;

b) In general, ¾ will be directed to the Faculty in which did the work the create the IP, and ¼ will be directed to support UNSW Strategic Research Initiatives;

c) Notwithstanding (b) above, the Deputy Vice-Chancellor Research has the discretion to allocate The University share of Net Revenue on a case-by-case basis, taking into account such matters as: the amount of Net Revenue already received any pre-existing agreements or arrangements.

3. Disbursing Net Revenue from IP assigned to Creators
If the Division of Enterprise decides not commercialise any specific IP, the Creators may request that the IP be assigned to them. Such assignment will be at the sole discretion of the Deputy Vice-Chancellor Enterprise.

A condition of any assignment of the IP to the Creators will be that NSi will receives 20% of the Net Revenue received from the commercialisation and exploitation of that IP by the Creators (ie., after
reasonable Commercialisation Costs have been recovered) unless otherwise agreed by the Deputy Vice-Chancellor Enterprise.

4. Determining Net Revenue

4.1. NSi Commercialisation Deed
Under the Researcher IP Commercialisation Deed, the Creators assign their IP to NSi. This Deed also defines the distribution of Net Revenue to Creators under the Intellectual Property Policy.

4.2. Commercialisation Costs
Net Revenue is calculated by deducting Commercialisation Costs, include all out-of-pocket expenses relating to the commercialisation of IP, from Commercialisation Revenue. Commercialisation Costs do not include The University and NSi staff costs or other NSi operating costs. The following are considered reasonable Commercialisation Costs:

4.2.1. The costs of registering, protecting and enforcing IP rights
Invoiced patent attorney costs and registration and renewal fees relating to IP, and all patent attorney and external legal costs associated with the assertion of IP rights. Any patent costs recovered from a licensee are offset against the costs incurred.

4.2.2. External IP Management & Review Services
NSi may employ external IP management consultants, or contractors to administer and manage its IP portfolio. These costs associated with IP management and administration and the costs of engaging other external parties to carry out specific reviews of IP and the IP landscape, including assessing the commercial potential or value of IP, are reasonable Commercialisation Costs. Any IP management or review costs recovered from a licensee are offset against the costs incurred.

4.2.3. Research & Development - Creation of prototypes, models and samples
Product and prototype development costs are reasonable Commercialisation Costs. Costs funded by the University’s or NSi’s Proof-of-Concept Fund, is a recoverable expense. Any product development or prototype costs recovered from a licensee are offset against the costs incurred.

4.2.4. Insurance & legal Costs
When there are specific insurance costs during the commercialisation of a technology in excess of the standard UNSW insurance cover, these are allowable Commercialisation Costs.

External legal service costs for a specific technology including conducting due diligence reviews, preparing contracts or dealing with legal disputes are reasonable Commercialisation Costs allocated to the technology. Commercialisation Costs explicitly exclude legal costs associated with resolving disputes between the University and/or NSi and Creators.

Defending, prosecuting, or settling actions, or asserting rights arising from legal disputes, or court ordered payments are reasonable Commercialisation Costs allocated to the technology.

4.2.5. Market review and commercialisation consultant costs
External costs incurred through market and technology surveys and preparing business plans or investment proposals are part of developing a case for and progressing commercialisation. These costs are reasonable Commercialisation Costs allocated to the technology. If an analysis benefits several technologies or patents, then the costs are shared equally.

4.2.6. Marketing and Travel
When the University and/or NSi is developing an understanding of the technology or market opportunities and when developing a relationship with potential and actual licensees, investors or industry partners. Reasonable out-of-pocket costs for travel and meetings are Commercialisation Costs allocated to the technology.

Industry specific conference costs for promoting specific technologies and assessing their market potential are Commercialisation Costs allocated to the technology.
External consultant and supplier costs specific to developing and promoting technologies for their commercial development are commercialization costs allocated to the technology. These include electronic promotional materials (e.g. videos) and designing, and the production of promotional materials for a specific technology.

Success and other fees associated with appointing agents or independent contractors to promote, secure and manage licensing, capital investment and other commercialisation opportunities are considered reasonable Commercialisation Costs.

4.2.7. Accrued costs
Where patent or other costs have been committed to a technology that has been licensed, and where those costs are recoverable from the licensee, but have not been invoiced at the time of reconciling Commercialisation Income received to date, then those costs will be accrued as Commercialisation Costs against the technology for the purpose determining the Net Revenue in any disbursement period.

4.2.8. Platform technologies
Where a technology is a platform technology with multiple applications, it may have the potential for multiple income streams. All Commercialisation Costs are deductible from any Commercialisation Revenue received, regardless of the market sectors involved.

4.3. Investments in incorporated entities
If NSi or The University takes the risk of making a direct capital investment in a spin-off company, in return for equity, then this is not a Commercialisation Cost and any return generation from that equity holding will not be treated as Commercialisation Revenue.

In the event that the University and/or NSi converts any Commercialisation Costs into equity in a spin-off company, those costs will be counted as recovered and any income generated from that equity holding will not be treated as Commercialisation Revenue.

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**Supporting Information**

| Legislative Compliance       | This Guideline supports the University’s compliance with the following legislation: University of New South Wales Act 1989 (NSW) |
| Supporting Documents |  |
| Related Documents | Disclosing and Exploiting Intellectual Property (IP) Procedure |
| Superseded Documents | Guidelines for the Disbursement of Net Revenue from IP Commercialisation, v1.1 |
| File Number | 2018/18463 |

**Definitions and Acronyms**

These Guidelines use the definitions in the UNSW Intellectual Property Policy.
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<td>24 May 2010</td>
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<td>This is a new guideline.</td>
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Appendix A – Example of Process for Distributing Net Revenue

$90,000 Net Revenue

1/3rd
$30,000 NSi

1/3rd
$30,000 Inventors

1/3rd
$30,000 UNSW

3/4
$22,500 Faculty

1/4
$7,500 Research Initiatives

School/ Centre/ Research Group

Note: For Illustrative purposes only. The actual allocation of The University portion of Net Revenue is at the discretion of the Deputy Vice-Chancellor Enterprise