1. Introduction

UNSW has established Internal Audit as a key component of UNSW’s governance framework. This Charter supersedes the 2014 Charter.

(For the purpose of this Charter, UNSW means the legal entity The University of New South Wales and its controlled entities).

This charter provides the framework for the conduct of the internal audit function at UNSW and has been approved by the President and Vice Chancellor (VC) and the Audit Committee.

2. Purpose of Internal Audit

Internal Audit is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation’s operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control, and governance processes 1.

Internal Audit provides an independent and objective review and advisory service to:

- provide assurance to the VC and the Audit Committee, that UNSW’s financial and operational controls, designed to manage the organisation’s risks and achieve the entity’s objectives, are operating in an efficient, effective and ethical manner, and
- assist management in improving the University’s business performance.

3. Independence and Objectivity

Independence is essential to the effectiveness of the Internal Audit function. Internal audit activity must be independent, and internal auditors must be objective in performing their work. Internal auditors must have an impartial, unbiased attitude and avoid any conflicts of interest.

Internal auditors must exhibit the highest level of professional objectivity in gathering, evaluating, and communicating information about the activity or process being examined. Internal auditors must make a balanced assessment of all the relevant circumstances and not be unduly influenced by their own interests or by others in forming judgments.

The Internal Audit function has no direct authority or responsibility for the activities it reviews. The Internal Audit function has no responsibility for developing or implementing procedures or systems and does not prepare records or engage in original line processing functions or activities (except in carrying out its own functions). The independence and objectivity of Internal Audit is not compromised by the advisory services performed as described in Section 6 of this Charter.

4. Authority and Reporting Structure

The internal Audit function is responsible on a day to day basis to the Chief Audit Executive (Director, Internal Audit).

---

1 As defined by the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Audit (IIA) (2013). Where relevant, sections of this Charter also incorporate other elements of the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing.
The Internal Audit function, through the Director, Internal Audit, reports functionally to the Audit Committee on the results of completed audits, and for strategic direction and accountability purposes, and reports administratively to the Vice-President Finance and Operations to facilitate administrative and day to day operations.

The Director, Internal Audit has direct communication access to the VC and the Audit Committee and reports to them directly on Internal Audit plans and results of Internal Audit activities. The Audit Committee also holds confidential briefing sessions with the Director, Internal Audit to discuss any matters the Audit Committee or the Director, Internal Audit consider necessary.

The following reporting line is prescribed:

- Council
- President and Vice Chancellor
- Audit Committee
- VP Finance & Operations
- Director, Internal Audit
- The Presiding Member of the Audit Committee will be consulted on the appointment, removal, and performance of the Director, Internal Audit.

5. Scope of Internal Audit activity

The scope of Internal auditing encompasses the examination and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of UNSW's internal governance, risk management, internal process, controls and compliance culture as well as the quality of performance in carrying out assigned responsibilities to achieve the University's stated goals and objectives.

Internal Audit reviews may cover all programs and activities of UNSW together with controlled and associated entities, as provided for in relevant business agreements, memorandum of understanding or contracts. Internal Audit activity encompasses the review of all financial and non-financial policies and operations.

Internal Audit will review the governance of an audited area by examining its strategies and plans and how its activities are being directed and monitored through a framework of accountability, delegation and reporting structure to assess the alignment of these activities with UNSW’s goals, values and compliance culture. It will also review the effectiveness of risk management and controls as key components in the governance process in optimising the audited area’s performance.

6. Roles and responsibilities

The Internal Audit function must evaluate and contribute to the improvement of governance, risk management, and control processes using a systematic and disciplined approach.

In the conduct of its activities, the Internal Audit function will play an active role in:

- developing and maintaining a culture of accountability and integrity
- encouraging the integration of risk management into day-to-day business activities and processes, and
- promoting a culture of cost-consciousness, self-assessment and adherence to high ethical standards.
Internal audit activities will encompass the following areas:

**Audit activities** including Audits with the following orientation:

**Risk Management**
- evaluate the effectiveness, and contribute to the improvement, of risk management processes
- provide assurance that risk exposures relating to the organisation’s governance, operations, and information systems are correctly evaluated, including:
  - reliability and integrity of financial and operational information
  - effectiveness, efficiency and economy of operations, and
  - safeguarding of assets
- evaluate the design, implementation, and effectiveness of the organisation’s ethics-related objectives, programs, and activities
- assess whether the information technology governance of the organisation sustains and supports the organisation’s strategies and objectives

**Compliance**
- compliance with applicable laws, regulations and Government policies and directions

**Performance improvement**
- the efficiency, effectiveness, and economy of the entity’s business systems and processes.

**Fraud**
- fact-finding and forensic investigations that may be required by management to address complaints of fraud, corruption, or misconduct which are received by management or Internal Audit.

**Advisory services**

The Internal Audit function can advise UNSW’s management on a range of matters including:

**New programs, systems and processes**
- providing advice on the development of new programs and processes and/or significant changes to existing programs and processes including the design of appropriate controls

**Risk management**
- assisting management to identify risks and develop risk mitigation and monitoring strategies as part of the risk management framework

**Fraud control**
- evaluate the potential for the occurrence of fraud and how the organisation manages fraud risk
- assisting management to investigate fraud, identify the risks of fraud and develop fraud prevention and monitoring strategies.

**Audit support activities**

The Internal Audit function is also responsible for:
- managing the Internal Audit function
- assisting the Audit and Risk Committee to discharge its responsibilities
- monitoring the implementation of agreed recommendations
- disseminating across the entity better practice and lessons learnt arising from its audit activities.

7. **The Three Lines of Defence Model**

UNSW adopts the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Audit (IIA) endorsed Three Lines of Defence Model in allocating responsibilities for risk management and internal control.

As a First Line of Defence, UNSW’s management have ownership, responsibility and accountability for the control environment and assessing, controlling and mitigating risks.

Some UNSW management units also have responsibility for the Second Line of Defence activities such as oversight and support for First Line risk management activities through setting direction, ensuring...
compliance, and provide assurance reporting.

As a key assurance provider in the Third Line of Defence, Internal Audit will, through a risk-based approach, provide assurance to UNSW’s Audit Committee and management, on how effectively UNSW assesses and manages its risks, including the manner in which the First and Second Lines of Defence operate. Internal Audit will ensure assurance activities provided by Internal Audit and other external or independent parties are coordinated in an effective manner, and not result in duplication of resources.

The independent check provided by Internal Audit activity will not absolve management and staff from any of their risk management and internal control responsibilities.

8. **Access to Information and confidentiality**

Internal auditors are authorised to have full, free and unrestricted access to all functions, premises, assets, personnel, records, and other documentation and information that the Director, Internal Audit considers necessary to enable the Internal Audit function to meet its responsibilities.

All records, documentation and information accessed in the course of undertaking Internal Audit activities are to be used solely for the conduct of these activities. The Director, Internal Audit and individual internal audit staff are responsible and accountable for maintaining the confidentiality of the information they receive during the course of their work.

All Internal audit documentation is to remain the property of the audited University, including where internal Audit services are performed by an external third party provider.

All staff of UNSW are required to provide Internal Audit with all the assistance it requests in fulfilling its Internal Audit roles and responsibilities.

9. **Standards**

Internal Audit activities will be conducted in accordance with this Policy and with relevant professional standards including International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA).

In the conduct of Internal Audit work, Internal audit staff will:

- comply with relevant professional standards of conduct
- possess the knowledge, skills and technical proficiency relevant to the performance of their duties
- be skilled in dealing with people and communicating audit, risk management and related issues effectively
- exercise due professional care in performing their duties.

In addition to UNSW policies and procedures and the relevant legislations, Internal Audit operates under the guidance of the following authorities and standards:

- UNSW’s Audit Committee Terms of Reference
- UNSW’s Risk Committee Terms of Reference
- International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing issued by IIA
- The IIA’s Code of Ethics.

10. **Planning**

Internal Audit reviews will be determined through the planning process of a three-year Internal Audit Plan (the “Plan”) that will align the focus of internal audit activity with UNSW’s strategic initiatives and UNSW’s Risk Management Framework; and will include input from the members of the Audit Committee, management, Risk management, as well as the Audit Office of NSW.

The Director, Internal Audit will prepare a risk-based, three year rolling work plan updated annually in

---

2 Subject to any overriding legislative restrictions on information.
a form and in accordance with a timetable agreed with the Audit Committee.

The Plan will be prepared using a risk-based methodology so as to focus internal audit effort on areas of high risks to UNSW. The Plan will align to UNSW’s Risk Management framework and will refer to the Risk Profiles of UNSW.

The Plan will be approved by the Audit Committee after it has been reviewed by the VC and the Executive Team and with input from the Risk Committee. The Plan will also be presented to the Risk Committee.

Input and update to the scheduled Internal Audit reviews occur continuously as circumstances dictate and will not be restricted by the aforementioned planning cycle. Any significant deviation from an approved Internal Audit Plan and any impact of resource limitations will be communicated to the Audit Committee and the VC.

11. Reporting and monitoring

The Director, Internal Audit will report to each meeting of the Audit Committee on:

- audits completed during the reporting period
- progress in implementing the annual audit work plan,
- any significant matters concerning risk, internal control, compliance culture and internal governance
- the implementation status of agreed internal and external audit recommendations, and
- any other matters needed or requested by the Committee.

A summary report on results of Internal Audits’ activities will also be provided to each meeting of the Risk Committee.

A written report will be issued by the Director, Internal Audit following the conclusion of each Internal Audit review to the Management Board member who has management responsibility for the entity or activity being audited.

Other recipients will include:

a) President and Vice-Chancellor (Executive Summary)
b) Audit Committee of Council (Executive Summary and Full Report for those rated Requires Immediate Attention)
c) The Audit Office of New South Wales (Full Report)
d) Vice President Finance and Operations (Full Report)
e) Managers and staff relevant to the activities covered by the review and the responsible action parties for the agreed management actions (Full Report).

The Internal Audit report will include specific findings, management's agreed actions and target completion dates of these actions. A full report will be made available to the VC and the members of the Audit Committee on request. The Internal Audit report will also reference to UNSW’s Risk Management framework.

An Annual Report of Themes and Insights will be prepared that provides a summary of the key themes and insights from work that has been performed over that year.

Internal Audit will be responsible for following up the progress and completion of management agreed actions and the results will be analysed and reported to the Audit Committee. Internal Audit will review and test on a selective basis the implemented agreed management actions.

The Director, Internal Audit attends the meetings of the Audit Committee and may assist with the deliberations of the Committee.

The Internal Audit function will also report to the Audit Committee at least annually on the overall state of internal controls at UNSW and any systemic issues requiring management attention based on the work of the internal audit function (and other assurance providers).

12. Resourcing
Internal Audit organises Internal Audit activities so that they are performed by adequate and professionally competent resources. The adopted model of resourcing to this end will be determined by Internal Audit in consultation with the Audit Committee.

Where an outsourcing or co-sourcing model is adopted, the external service provider will be selected on the basis of their competence, skills and knowledge against a set of criteria that are critical to meet UNSW’s internal audit requirements. The selection process will follow normally accepted probity principles. The independence and objectivity of a potential provider will also be considered to ensure there is no existence of relationships that may prevent the provider from discharging its services to UNSW in a manner which is impartial and unbiased.

Despite the adoption of an outsourcing or co-sourcing model, the Director, Internal Audit is fully accountable for Internal Audit activity at UNSW. The Director, Internal Audit must maintain an oversight of the work performed by the provider, including but not limited to the adequacy of the scope and objectives of the reviews, the basis on which conclusions are drawn in the reviews, as well as being satisfied with the provider’s internal compliance and quality control processes.

The Director, Internal Audit will not engage the Internal Audit/ Risk service unit (IA/ Risk Unit) of the co-source partner(s) to provide any non-internal audit services to Internal Audit without the prior approval of the Audit Committee if the fees of these non-Internal Audit services provided by the IA / Risk Unit to UNSW as a whole exceed 75% of the budgeted internal audit fees payable to the co-source partner in any calendar year.

The co-source partner(s) will advise the Director, Internal Audit of any potential engagement of the firm by UNSW (other than by Internal Audit). The Director, Internal Audit will refer such engagement to the Presiding Member of the Audit Committee for approval.

The Director, Internal Audit will confirm to the Audit Committee annually the organisational independence of Internal Audit activity, including that of any external firms which execute the audit plan. This annual confirmation will include any other services that these firms might have provided in the First and Second Line of defense activities, and the quantum of these fees as percentage of Internal audit fees.

13. Relationship with External Audit

Internal and External audit activities will be coordinated to help ensure the adequacy of overall audit coverage and to minimise duplication of effort.

Periodic meetings and contact between internal and external audit shall be held to discuss matters of mutual interest and facilitate coordination.

External audit will have full and free access to all Internal Audit plans, working papers and reports.

14. Assessment and Quality Improvement

The Director, Internal Audit will arrange for a periodic independent review, at least every five (5) years, of the efficiency and effectiveness of the operations of the internal audit function. The results of the reviews will be reported to the Audit Committee.

15. Review of the Charter

This charter will be reviewed at least annually by the Audit Committee. Any substantive changes will be formally approved by the VC on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

END

Sources

1. IIA Model Charter, The Institute of Internal Auditors (May 2013)